

We know manuals are boring. This one is really no different. We like to tell ourselves our manuals are nothing short of the most exciting thing you'll ever read. But they're not, they're kinda boring.

**HOWEVER**.....we do ask that you at least read and understand the Safety and Set-up portions. This gets you up to speed on how not to hurt yourself, other people or destroy your workshop. Truthfully, the rest of the manual has some cool little gems that should make your learning curve even more enjoyable.

If you have any questions after reading this manual please contact us at [info@evenheat-kiln.com](mailto:info@evenheat-kiln.com) or 989-856-2281. We're more than happy to help.

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## Cautions & Safety

Heat Treat Ovens are as safe as any other electrical appliance when used under normal and proper operating conditions. To create and maintain this safe environment observe all safety precautions.

### Warning Symbol Descriptions

Warning symbols are used throughout this manual. These symbols alert the operator to certain hazards and important information. Pictured below are symbols used along with a description of each.



**Electric Shock Hazard**

This symbol alerts you to potential electric shock hazards.



**General Cautions and Information**

This symbol alerts you to particular cautions, hazards and information.



### Burn Hazard

This symbol alerts you to potential burn hazards.

## Emergency Shut Off Provision



The oven's electrical power supply connection (plug/receptacle, breaker or disconnect) acts as the emergency electrical power shut off. Access to these devices should be unobstructed and with safe access at all times. To remove power from the oven in an emergency situation do so by pulling the power cord plug from the receptacle or by throwing the breaker or power disconnect to the off position.

All electrical installations for direct wired models (those without a plug/receptacle connection) must include a power disconnect near the oven and that is easily accessible and with safe access for emergency power shutdown. To remove power from the oven in an emergency situation do so by throwing the power disconnect to the off position.

## Electrical Safety



A licensed electrician should be used for all electrical installation and service. All applicable local, state and federal electrical codes must be followed.

Use correct voltage, wire size and fuse or breakers. Oven electrical requirements are located on the oven control panel nameplate and can also be found on [evenheat-kiln.com](http://evenheat-kiln.com). Make sure all electrical connections are tight. Avoid using aluminum wire.

Always use the proper electrical receptacle. Never alter the oven's power cordset or power cordset plug. Alterations can be dangerous. Alterations will void any warranties along with nullifying any Listing Agency markings such as U/L or TUV.



Evenheat recommends that a voltage check be performed before placing the oven into service, ideally before actual purchase. Operating voltage varies, with common operating voltages being 120V, 240V and 208V. The oven's operating voltage (printed on the oven's nameplate) must match the applied voltage (actual electrical service voltage). If it does not, do not install or operate the oven as potential electrical and fire hazards exist. Contact Evenheat for guidance in such cases.

The oven must be properly grounded.



Unplug or disconnect the oven from the electrical service before accessing the chamber for servicing or vacuuming. Do not attempt to touch or replace the heating elements while the oven is plugged in or connected to the electrical service. Electric shock may result in serious injury or death.

Never, ever use an extension cord to operate an oven.

## Oven Location Safety



Do not place or use oven on combustible surface.

Do not remove the metal stand attached to the oven by Evenheat Kiln, Inc.

The oven is designed to be positioned with the stand at the bottom and with the firing chamber resting on it. This positions the firing chamber at a horizontal position with the door opening to the left. Do not place the oven on its back or in any other position than its intended position.

The oven should be permanently positioned – it should not be considered mobile.

The surface on which the oven is placed shall be capable of safely supporting the combined weight of the oven and oven load.

Observe all building, fire and safety codes when installing the oven.

Do not install the oven closer than 12" (31cm) from combustible wall surfaces or object or 36" from any ceiling surface. This includes with the door in the opened and closed positions as well as along its travel path.

Install in a covered, well ventilated area. Do not place the oven in any structure resembling a carport or screened-in porch. Avoid areas that are subject to outdoors weather.

Never place the oven in a small, enclosed area such as a closet, cabinet or very small room. The room in which the oven is placed into service shall be capable of safely dissipating all heat produced by the oven.

Never install an oven outside. Avoid moisture.

It is the user's responsibility to be knowledgeable regarding any and all contaminants, produced by the ware during firing and take steps to properly and legally contain and dispose of these contaminants.

It is the user's responsibility to provide ventilation capable of removing all gases, fumes and other airborne contaminants produced by the ware during firing safely from work the area and building structure.



Do not store flammable or combustible products near or in the same room as the oven such as gasoline, paint, aerosol cans, paper, curtains, plastics, etc. Store these items in another separate structure designed for this purpose.

Position the power supply cables, power supply conduit, controller cables, pyrometer thermocouple leads and other kiln control or power management items in such a way as not to create a tripping or tangling hazard.

The area around the oven should be free of obstructions that interfere with the proper and safe operation of the oven.

Never place anything under or above the oven for storage. Absolutely nothing should be propped against the oven.

### Oven Use Safety



The surface of the oven is hot and burn injuries are possible. Keep all children and unsupervised personnel away. Always wear protective clothing, gloves and eyewear when operating and handling a hot oven.



You must throw the oven's power switch to the OFF position before accessing the oven chamber. Do not access the oven chamber if the oven's power switch is at the ON position. Under no circumstances should you touch the heating elements with your body or any other devices like tools or ware. Electrical shock may result in serious injury or death.



Use care when accessing or looking into a hot oven. **High heat escapes quickly and burn injury may result.** When accessing or looking into a hot oven, approach slowly and wear protective clothing and gloves designed to withstand high heat and eyewear capable of filtering Infrared and Ultraviolet light.

Protective clothing should be worn when operating the oven and includes, but is not limited to, cotton clothing, heat resistant gloves and eyewear capable of filtering Infrared and Ultraviolet light.



Do not heat salts or cyanide. **Gases produced are TOXIC.** Serious injury or death may result.

Do not operate the oven over the maximum temperature rating printed on the nameplate.

Never fire an oven unattended beyond its anticipated firing time.

Do not operate the oven with the door open.

Never allow the power cord to touch the oven. If the power cord, plug or receptacle becomes damaged discontinue use and replace immediately.

It is recommended that a fire extinguisher, capable of dousing an electrical fire, be accessible in the event of fire. Smoke detectors within the oven room are also recommended.

Keep the oven door closed when not in use.



It is the user's responsibility to have knowledge of the material intended to be heat treated/fired. If you are unsure as to the safety of firing a particular material contact your materials supplier for guidance before doing so. If you remain unsure as to the safety of firing a particular material do not do it. Firing hazards include materials that explode or produce toxic gases. Finished ware hazards include materials containing lead. Materials containing lead should not be used for articles intended for food use.

Fire all materials according to the material manufacturer's instructions. Improper firing may result in damage to the oven or material.

Do not use the oven to prepare food, heat a living space, dry clothes or ice laden articles or use as a storage devise. The oven is designed for one purpose and one purpose only: the heat treating of metals.

An oven will remain very hot long after the firing is complete. All safety recommendations should be followed, even with the oven unpowered, to avoid any burn injuries. Keep children and other unauthorized personnel away.

When firing is complete, and during periods of non-use, remove power from the oven by unplugging or by throwing the disconnect or breakers to the OFF position.

Your oven is equipped with a Power Interrupt Switch that is designed to automatically remove power from the heating elements when the door is opened. Even with this added level of safety you must still turn the power off before accessing the firing chamber. No exceptions.

### Oven Maintenance Safety



Disconnect electrical power from the oven before performing any oven maintenance. Failure to disconnect the electrical power supply may result in electrical shock which can cause serious injury or death.

Replace any worn, damaged or defective parts immediately with Evenheat Kiln replacement parts only. Replacement parts can be found on [shopevenheat.com](http://shopevenheat.com) or by contacting Evenheat directly. Discontinue oven use until parts are replaced.



When vacuuming the oven use only HEPA filters on the vacuum. Prolonged expose to brick dust and other refractory materials can cause lung injury.

Inspect all electrical service connections periodically for wear. Special attention shall be paid to the plug/receptacle if your oven is so equipped.

Periodically check chamber jacket clamps for tightness. Tighten as necessary.

### Intended Use

Evenheat Knife/Heat Treat Ovens are a controlled heat source designed for the sole purpose of heat treating metals. Do not use the oven for anything other than this intended purpose. It is the operator's responsibility to determine the suitability and safety of any material to be heated or heat treated.

**Many materials are unsafe to heat such as various salts and cyanide which emit toxic gases when heated.** Please contact your materials supplier for guidance in the materials response to elevated temperature, suitability and required safety precautions. If you are not completely sure as to the safety of heating a particular material, don't do it.

### Oven Set-Up

There's a great list of oven location information found above in the "Oven Location Safety" section. Read it and follow it!

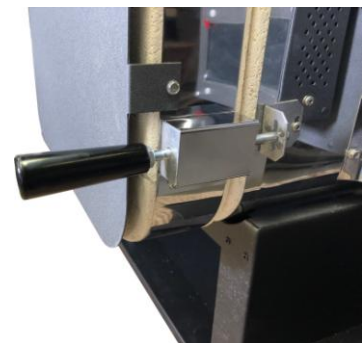
### Door Handle Installation and Operation

You'll find a tapered door handle with your new oven. This handle must be installed before operating the oven.

Simply thread the handle onto the door latch rod and back the jam nut up to secure it. Proper installation shown at right.

To close and latch the door for use: Close the door using the handle and continue to push forward on the handle to insert the keyed handle stud into the keyed receiver attached to the oven and rotate 90° to secure.

To open and unlatch the door: Push slightly on the door handle while rotating the handle 90°. Pull the handle away from the oven to open.



### Bench Placement

LT tempering ovens can be placed directly on your workbench or atop of an existing, corresponding depth Evenheat LB, KO or KF as noted below.

### Stackable Design

We designed the LT models to also be stackable/modular to help minimize the oven's footprint in your workshop. We realize space is very valuable. Below you will find instruction on how to mount the LT units to existing Evenheat KF, LB, and KO models. LT tempering ovens are designed to fit on top of Evenheat LB, KO and KF models only. LT tempering ovens are designed to fit only on corresponding depth models only. Do not attempt to install an LT model on an Evenheat model that is not of the same chamber depth.

### Mounting the Unit

Lift the LT model and place the unit on top of existing Evenheat model. Try your best to line up the edge of the LT base with the edge of the stainless jacket on existing unit. As seen in the image

Using the Torx T-20 Wrench supplied with the unit, remove the Torx screws holding each of the 4 mounting plates in place. Mounting plates are located at each corner of the LT base.



Once the brackets are removed. Rotate them so there are two holes facing the stainless jacket on the existing kiln. Do so with all 4 mounting brackets. Refer to Image.

Using the supplied Torx Wrench re-install the screws that mount to the base of the LT and secure them in place.



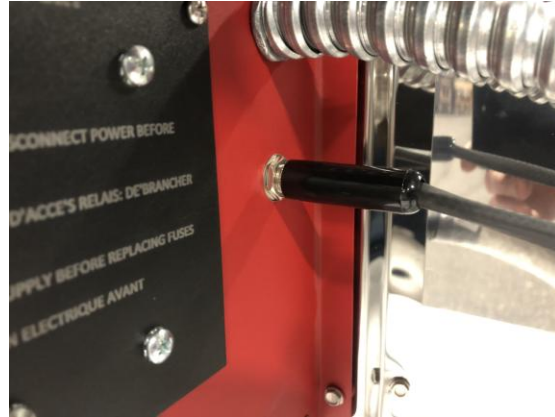
To mount securely, attach the LT mounting brackets to the existing kiln using the included #6 1/2" Hex Head Screws. Mounting of the LT will require you to drill through the stainless jacket on your existing oven. We do recommend using an all or small punch to create an indentation in the metal jacket to allow the screw to bite into the metal. Repeat on all 4 corners.



### Power Interrupt Switch Connection

Your oven is equipped with a Power Interrupt Switch you'll need to connect if not done so already.

Locate the power interrupt plug and insert it into the power interrupt jack located on the back of the control enclosure as shown below.



### Temperature Controls

Our ovens are equipped with our Icon temperature controls. Separate operating instructions have been included with your oven. These instructions can also be found on evenheat-kiln.com.

### Initial Use

We recommend operating the oven empty before attempting any heat treating operations. This serves a few purposes: It allows you to become familiar with the controls, it allows the elements to develop a protective oxide coating and it introduces you to accessing the chamber under high heat conditions.

Make sure the oven chamber is empty, close the door and program and run your controls for a rate of 1000°/hour to 1000°F and hold for 10 minutes. See the included controls operating instructions for details.

*As the oven is heating you may notice a clicking sound along with an increasing chamber temperature, this will be true for mechanical relay operated models. This continual clicking sound is the mechanical relay(s) turning on and off.*

*Models fitted with our Quiet Drive Solid State Relay(s) will not make any audible clicking sounds during the firing except for a single click at the beginning of the firing.*

Once the oven has reached temperature and finishes holding it will go to the Idle or Standby condition (depending on control). The control is no longer running the program and is off. This would be a great time to access the oven chamber and learn what high temperature is going to look and feel like during actual use. Before accessing the oven, throw the control power switch to the OFF position (0).



**Before you access the chamber we need to go over some rules!! High heat will escape very quickly. Keep your body well away from the chamber, particularly your face. We also recommend that you wear loose fitting cotton clothing, wear eye protection capable of filtering Ultraviolet and Infrared light and tie all hair back. Always approach the chamber slowly.**

Now stand back and open the door by extending your left hand to the door latch, rotate the latch and slowly open the oven door. Feel that rush of heat? We weren't kidding when we said it escapes quickly. This is the environment you will be working in.

During use the heating element(s) produce a naturally occurring, protective oxide coating. Their appearance will have gone from a shiny to dull look. This is normal and welcome.

Feel free to operate the oven empty as much as you would like in order to become familiar with its operation. You won't hurt a thing.

## Loading the Oven



Before loading material in the oven, throw the power switch to the OFF position. This is a question of safety. Contact with electrically charged heating elements may result in serious injury or death.

When placing any material into the oven avoid making contact with the heating elements and thermocouple.

We recommend placing your material no closer than 1-1/2" from the heating elements.

Once the material is properly loaded and positioned close the oven door and latch it. You are now free to throw the power switch to the ON position and perform your heat treating operation.

## Setting Up and Running Your Heat Treat Program

Once your material is loaded and the oven door has been latched closed it's now time to run the heat treating process. Your oven is supplied with the Icon controller from Bartlett Instruments. A separate operators manual has been included with your oven describing the use of these controls. The operators manuals for these controls can also be found on our web site [evenheat-kiln.com](http://evenheat-kiln.com).

The big question now is what temperatures and times do you use for your tempering program. This information should be available from your materials supplier. Other sources include the metal manufacturers published data as well as published books such as Knife Engineering by Dr. Larrin Thomas and Metallurgy Fundamentals by Daniel A. Brandt. There's always the internet as well.

Once you've determined your tempering firing schedule, program it in and start your actual heat treating process.

## Entering the Chamber While Hot



Before entering the oven throw the power switch to the OFF position. Contact with electrically charged heating elements may result in serious injury or death.



Operate the latching action of the door handle and slowly open the oven door. Approach the oven slowly, high heat escapes quickly. Use tongs or other suitable tool to remove the material for quenching.

Once all material is removed shut the oven door. This helps to retain heat in the fire brick for any subsequent heat treating processes.

That's it.

## Periods of Non-Use

When you're not using the heat treat oven throw the oven power switch to the OFF position. Keep the oven door latched and closed as well. You're free to leave your blade fixture in the oven at all times.

Don't store anything on or around the oven.

## Useful Tips and Hints

### Cooling Quickly

You won't hurt the oven by cooling it quickly by opening the door when it's red hot. No problem.

## How Fast to Reach Temperature

### Tempering:

When starting from a room temperature oven we suggest using a rate of 400F/hour up to your tempering temperature and letting the chamber hold at temperature for an hour or more before tempering.

*Cold firebrick acts much like a sponge in that it soaks up heat. Ultimately we're looking to get the firebrick fully heat-soaked to temperature and slower heat-up and hold period before use helps this.*

## Typical Tempering Program

The typical heat treat process is a basic up to temperature, hold for a period of time and then shut off style of process. This type of used is referred to as a 1 segment firing.

All of our controls allow you to program in multiple segments if you desire. This comes in handy for those who like to run a multi-step normalizing sequence up to temperature.

## Reduction Atmospheres

It is permissible to introduce the inert gases of Argon, Helium or Nitrogen into the heating chamber on KF, KH and LB Series Models.

We do not recommend using reduction atmospheres in KO Series Models as doing so will quickly degrade and destroy the heating elements.

## Cold Climate Use (Bitter Cold)

Operating your oven in a very cold, unheated workshop may cause an issue with reaching high temperatures. We've seen instances where ovens located in the Northern US and Canada have had difficulty reaching temperatures when room temperature is in the negative, double digit °F zone. Not much you can do here other than to heat up your work space or wait for ambient temperature to rise.

## Thermocouple

The thermocouple is the temperature sensor and is located in the ceiling of the oven. The thermocouple is a rugged component that can take some abuse but try to avoid hitting it if you can. The thermocouple works best if it's not crowded against your work. Give it as much room as practically possible. Avoid blocking the thermocouple from the sides, particularly both sides at once.

If thermocouple replacement is necessary replace only with a TYPE K thermocouple which is available from Evenheat. Replacing it with any thermocouple type other than TYPE K will introduce an error into the temperature reading. So, TYPE K only.

## Heating Elements

The heating elements we install in our knife ovens are made of special alloys that promote long life and element retention. Under normal operating conditions you should easily get 10+ years of life. Normal operating conditions means you avoid getting debris on the elements, you don't go beyond the rated oven temperature and you don't smoke up the chamber.

There is one maintenance issue that you can periodically perform on the elements/element grooves: vacuuming! Unplug the oven and carefully vacuum the entire element groove. There's no need to be rough just run the vacuum along the grooves. This helps to remove any loose debris that may accumulate in the grooves.

## Door Gap

You will notice a gap along the hinge side of the door of 0.050" or so. This gap is purposely placed to prevent binding as the chamber is heated. The door of the unit warps and distorts during high temperature use and this gap prevents any binding at the hinge area. For the same reason we include a spring-loaded door latch as well. The spring allows for movement of the door without causing additional stress to the door latch area.

When in use you will notice the door warp and pull away from the chamber face. This is normal.



### Brick Material

The firebrick, a.k.a. “softbrick” is porous. This porosity is what helps give it the great high temperature properties. This porosity tends to be fairly even throughout the brick but there can be pockets of seemingly large holes. This is a normal feature of the brick and should not be viewed as a defect.

### Mechanical Control Relay Replacement via the Relay Access Port

The oven uses a device called a mechanical relay to control power to the heating elements, or in the case of a solid state model a mechanical relay is used for the safety relay.

Mechanical relays used to power the heating elements directly are expected to fail and will need replacement at some point. We don't expect the mechanical relay used as a safety in the solid state design to ever really fail. Time will tell.

To make servicing (replacement) of the mechanical relay as simple as possible we've provided an external, relay access port. The relay access port allows mechanical relay replacement by simply removing the access plate located on the outside back of the control enclosure. The Relay Access Port plate is labelled as such and simply requires the use of a Phillips screwdriver to remove and expose the relay. Once the relay is exposed it's very easy to change. It is highly recommended that you use an Evenheat factory replacement mechanical relay #11801.200. Replacement with non-Evenheat factory parts may result in improper operation.



**Except for servicing, the relay access port plate must be secured to the control enclosure at all times. Do not operate the kiln without this Relay Access Port Plate in place and properly secured to the control enclosure. Failure to do so may result in electric shock resulting in serious injury or death.**

### LIMITED KNIFE OVEN WARRANTY

Evenheat Kiln, Inc. guarantees to the original purchaser that for a period of two full years from the date of purchase the oven will be free of defects in workmanship and materials when used under normal and proper operating conditions. Evenheat will replace or repair any defective part as specified below.

#### FOR THE WARRANTY TO BE EFFECTIVE THE PURCHASE MUST:

Provide written proof of date of purchase. (Warranty card sent in at time of purchase serves this purpose well.)  
Notify the Evenheat Distributor/Dealer from whom the oven was purchased, within 10 days after defect has been discovered.  
Make oven immediately available for inspection.

#### FOR WARRANTY REPAIRS:

Warranty repairs should be handled through the Distributor/Dealer from whom the oven was purchased, who will arrange for any repairs or replacement of parts under the terms of this warranty upon receipt of the oven (or defective part). Otherwise the defective part may be returned (postage prepaid) to Evenheat Kiln, Inc. P.O. Box 300 6949 Legion Drive Caseville, MI 48725. If, after factory examination, the original part is found to be defective, a new or repaired part will be shipped prepaid by Evenheat Kiln, Inc.

If the entire oven is to be returned to the factory, all transportation costs will be borne by the purchaser. The purchaser should notify Evenheat Kiln, Inc. (989) 856-2281 prior to shipping. Evenheat will help advise the best shipping method and if it is necessary to return the entire oven or only certain parts. Warranty work will be performed within 30 days after defective part is returned to the factory.

Evenheat Kiln, Inc. reserves the right, at its option, to replace the entire oven or any part of it in order to fulfill its obligation under this warranty.

#### THIS WARRANTY DOES NOT COVER:

Freight damage, ovens altered in any way, abuse or neglect, moisture, improper storage or installation.  
Ovens over fired (reaching temperature higher than melting point of ware inside oven) regardless of cause.  
Ovens operated on incorrect voltage.  
Improper electrical installation.  
Knife Blade furniture or ware other than Evenheat made.  
Ovens used for salt firing.  
Ovens used for purposes other than the firing of heat treating various metals.

Ovens operated in excess of the temperature on the rating plate.

Damage to Property or personal injury that may occur from ovens that are fired on or near wood floors or combustibles.

Damage to property or personal injury that may occur from improper ventilation of the work area and building structure.

This warranty is in lieu of all other warranties, expressed, or implied.

Evenheat Kiln, Inc. neither assumes nor authorizes any Distributor/Dealer, Retailer or employee to assume for it any other obligations or liabilities in connection with Evenheat Kilns.

This warranty is limited as specified above and excludes incidental or consequential damages. Some states or providences do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitations or exclusions may not apply to you.